

# Fluid level sensor for harsh locations

## Description

This sensor is a fluid level sensor with four discreet level probes, the output is sent over Modbus protocol. The sensors are completely sealed and suit for harsh locations, exposed to chemicals or explosive environment. The unit uses ultrasonic waves to detect the presence of fluid between the sender/receiver pair. The sensors never need to be calibrated. Also, there are no moving parts that can get clogged up.

## Specifications and features

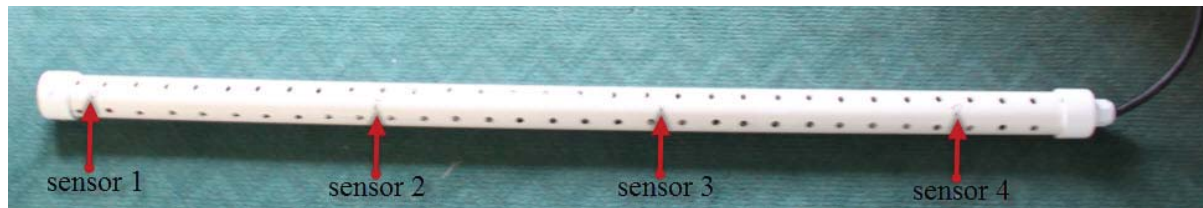
- Power: 24Vac or dc and gnd, less than 1 W power consumption.
- Max voltage: 28V on any conductor, continuous
- Temperature: -40C to +70C
- Wiring: 4 conductors, 2 conductors for power and 2 for communications.
- Working mode:

The sensors used in RS485 modbus mode which allow more functionalities such as alarms or temperature reading for example.

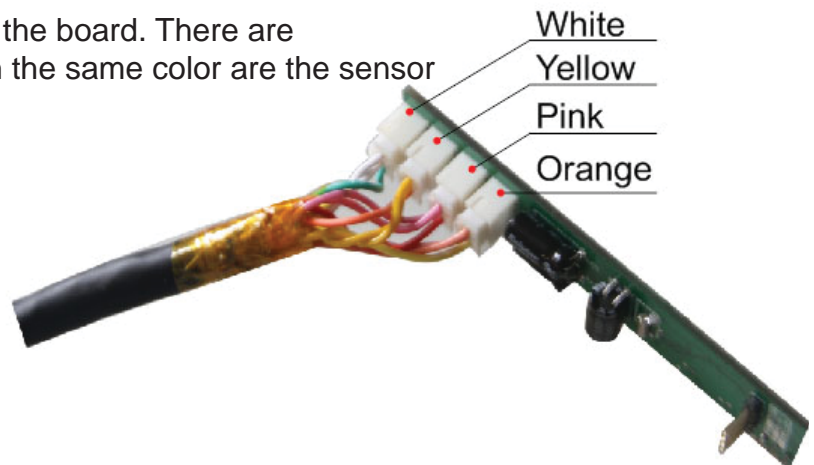
- RS485 Communications: Modbus RTU Protocol, 19.2kbaud.
- Pressure: Sensor shall be rated to 100psi continuous; 200 psi for short durations.

## Modbus Poll Operations

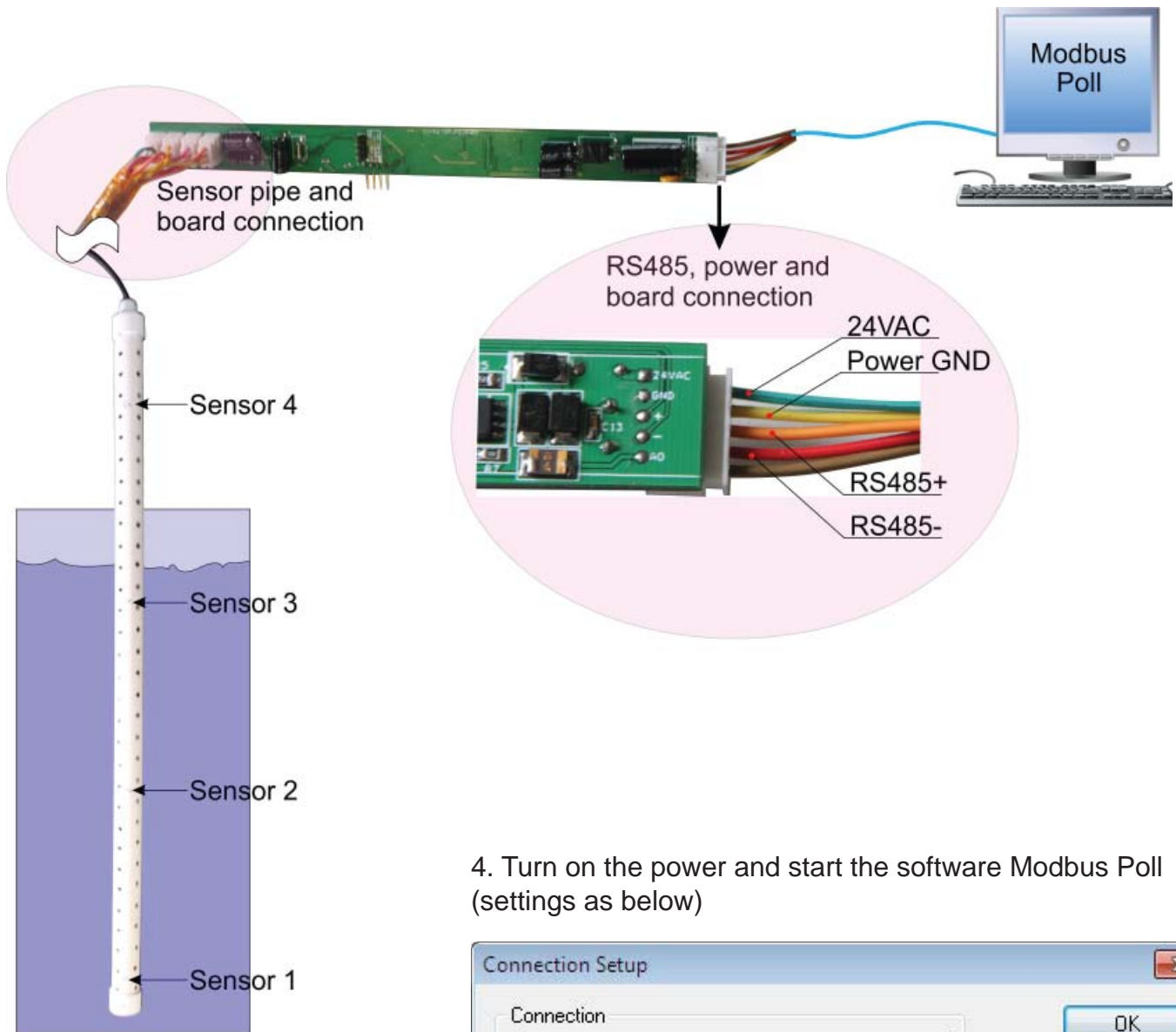
Here following the procedure to explain how to connect this unit to a computer and read using Modbus Poll software.



2. Plug in the four sensor wire connectors to the board. There are three wires in each connector, two wires with the same color are the sensor where the third one is the ground.

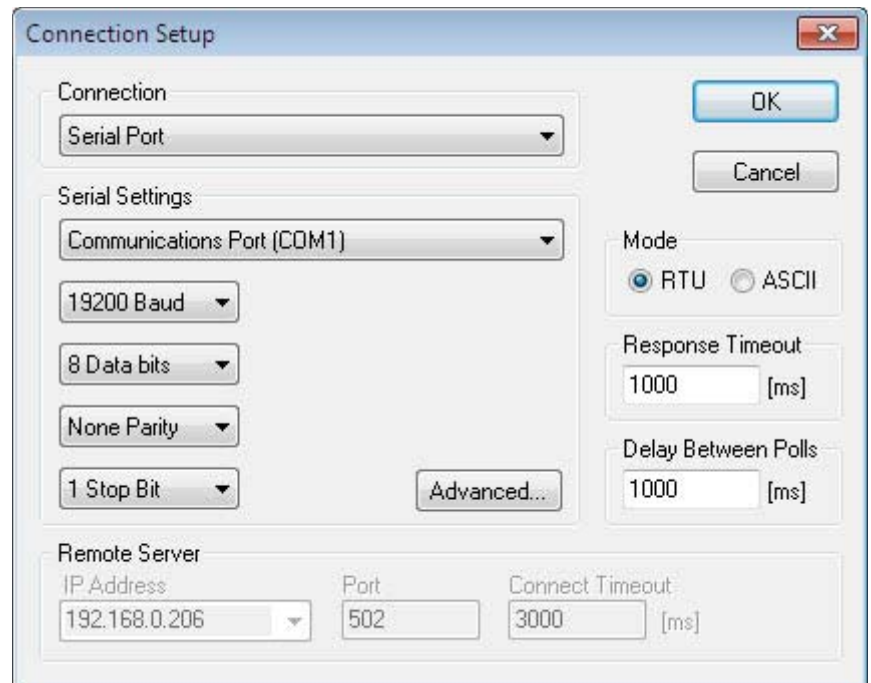


3. There are four conductors, 2 conductors for power and 2 for communications RS485. Connect the wires to PC using the USB-RS485(provided)

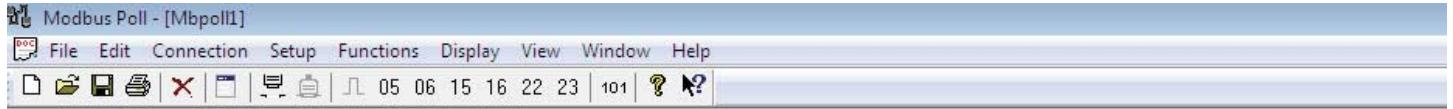


4. Turn on the power and start the software Modbus Poll (settings as below)

Sensor 1,2,3 submerge into water



5. Insert the pipe in the liquid environment, when the sensor 1 is submerged, the value on register 160 will change from 0 to 1. When sensor 2 is submerged, register 161 will change from 0 to 1. Same for sensor 3 and sensor 4. The result is displayed as below on the screen shot.



	00100	00110	00120	00130	00140	00150	00160	00170	00180	00190
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	62	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
2	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	0	1	4	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
4	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	0	1	1000	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1